	2. Plea and disp se with Rule 10-2	osition agreement. 27 NMRA]	
	E OF NEW MEXI	CO IDICIAL DISTRICT	
IN TH	JL E CHILDREN'S (OURT	
In the	Matter of	, a Child.	No
		PLEA AND DISPOSITION	AGREEMENT
	The state and th	e child agree to the following	g disposition:
PLEA		s to (admit) (not contest) the	following charges/delinquent acts:
TERM	There are no ag		A pre-disposition report will be charges are:
[]	A consent decree will be entered by the court for a period of		
[]	months, not to exceed six (6) months. The child will not oppose an extension of the consent decree for an additional six (6) months.		
[]	The consent dec sooner by proba	ree will end on tion services	(<i>date</i>), unless discharged
[]	Probation for a p		, not to exceed two (2) years in
[]	The child will be predispositional exceed fifteen (committed to the Children, diagnosis, rehabilitation, and	Youth and Families Department for d education for a period not to the court shall set a disposition
[]		committed to the Children,	Youth and Families Department for a
[]	period of The child will be	committed to the	detention center for a
[]	period of		(Set forth any
[]	other specific co	•	will be dismissed, or not filed:
[]	Restitution. ¹		

Effect on petition:

This agreement, unless rejected or withdrawn, serves to amend the petition to charge delinquent acts to which the child pleads, without the filing of any additional pleading. If the plea is rejected or withdrawn, the original charges are automatically reinstated.

Waiver of defenses and appeal:

Unless this plea is rejected or withdrawn, the child gives up any and all motions, defenses, objections or requests which the child has made or raised, or could assert hereafter, to the court's entry of judgment and disposition consistent with this agreement. The child waives the right to appeal the judgment and disposition that results from the entry of this plea agreement.

Withdrawal permitted if agreement rejected:

If after reviewing this agreement and any predisposition report the court concludes that any of its provisions are unacceptable, the court will allow the withdrawal of the plea, and this agreement will be void. If the plea is withdrawn, neither the plea nor any statements arising out of the plea proceedings shall be admissible as evidence against the defendant in any children's court or criminal proceedings.

constitutional rights with my lawyer will be giving up my rights to a trial compel the attendance of witnesses	D THE ABOVE. I have discussed the case and my I understand that by entering into this agreement I (jury or court), to confront, cross-examine, and s, my privilege against self-incrimination, and my my plea as set forth above on the terms and nt.
Child's signature	Date
REVIEW	BY CHILD'S ATTORNEY
•	d disposition agreement with my client. I have I have advised my client of my client's constitutional
Children's Court Attorney	Date
С	OURT APPROVAL
Children's Court Judge	 Date

USE NOTES

1. If this option is selected, the juvenile probation and parole officer (JPPO) and the child shall promptly prepare a restitution plan, including a specific amount to be paid to each victim and a payment schedule. *Cf.* NMSA 1978, § 31-17-1(B) (setting forth the requirements for ordering restitution in a criminal proceeding). The child's restitution plan and the JPPO's recommendations shall be submitted promptly to the court. *Cf. id.* The court shall promptly enter an order approving, disapproving, or modifying the plan, taking into account the child's circumstances and the limitations on restitution set forth in NMSA 1978, Section 32A-2-3(G) (defining "restitution" under the Delinquency Act). *See also* § 32A-2-27(C) (providing that the court may order a child "found to be within the provisions of the Delinquency Act" to pay restitution).

[Approved, effective August 1, 1999; 10-423 recompiled and amended as 10-712 by Supreme Court Order No. 16-8300-017, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2016.]