**14-390. Battery; “household member” essential elements.**

For you to find the defendant guilty of battery against a household member [as charged in Count \_\_\_\_\_\_]1, the state must prove to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt each of the following elements of the crime:

1. The defendant intentionally touched or applied force to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (*name of victim*) by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_2;

2. The defendant acted in a rude, insolent, or angry manner3;

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (*name of victim*) was a household member of the defendant4;

4. This happened in New Mexico on or about the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

USE NOTES

1. Insert the count number if more than one count is charged.

2. Use ordinary language to describe the touching or application of force.

3. If the “unlawfulness” of the act is in issue, add unlawfulness as an element as provided by Use Note 1 of UJI 14-132 NMRA. In addition, UJI 14-132 is given. If the issue of “lawfulness” involves self defense or defense of another, *see* UJI 14-5181 NMRA to UJI 14-5184 NMRA.

4. Definition of a household member should be given, *see* UJI 14-370 NMRA.

[Adopted by Supreme Court Order No. 14-8300-005, effective for all cases filed or pending on or after December 31, 2014.]