## 14-953. Criminal sexual penetration in the second degree; force or coercion; aided or abetted by another; essential elements.<sup>1</sup>

F	or you to find the defendant guilty of criminal sexual penetration when aided or
abetted	by another [as charged in Count]2, the state must prove to your
satisfact	ion beyond a reasonable doubt each of the following elements of the crime:
	The defendant <sup>3</sup>
	[caused (name of victim) to engage in4;]
	[OR]
	[caused the insertion, to any extent, of a5 into the
	6 of (name of victim);]
2.	[The defendant used physical force or physical violence;] <sup>3</sup>
	[OR]
	[The defendant (used threats of physical force or physical violence against
	(name of victim or other person)) (OR) (threatened to
	(name of victim)
	believed that the defendant would carry out the threat;]
	[OR]
	[ was (unconscious) <sup>3</sup> (asleep) (physically
	helpless) (suffering from a mental condition so as to be incapable of
	understanding the nature or consequences of what the defendant was
	doing); AND the defendant knew or had reason to know of the condition of
	(name of victim);]
3.	The defendant acted with the help or encouragement of one or more
persons;	
[4	
5.	This happened in New Mexico on or about the day of
	,·
	USE NOTES
4	This instruction acts forth the elements of all three types of "force or

- 1. This instruction sets forth the elements of all three types of "force or coercion" in Section 30-9-10(A) NMSA 1978: (1) use of physical force or physical violence; (2) threats; (3) mental or other incapacity of the victim. If the evidence supports two or more of these theories of "force or coercion," this instruction may be used.
  - 2. Insert the count number if more than one count is charged.
  - 3. Use only the applicable alternatives.
- 4. Name the sexual act or acts: i.e., "sexual intercourse", "anal intercourse", "cunnilingus" or "fellatio". The applicable definition or definitions from Instruction 14-982 NMRA must be given after this instruction.
  - 5. Identify the object used.
- 6. Name the part or parts of the body: i.e., "vagina", "penis" or "anus". The applicable definition or definitions from Instruction 14-981 NMRA must be given after this instruction.

- 7. Describe threats used against the victim or another in layman's language. See Section 30-9-10(A)(3) NMSA 1978 for examples of types of threats.
- 8. Use the bracketed element if the evidence raises a genuine issue of the unlawfulness of the defendant's actions. If this element is given, UJI 14-132 NMRA, "unlawful defined", must be given after this instruction.
  [As amended, effective January 20, 2005.]