

14-927. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the [third] [second] degree; use of physical force or physical violence; personal injury; essential elements.

For you to find the defendant guilty of criminal sexual contact of a minor causing personal injury [as charged in Count _____]¹, the state must prove to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt each of the following elements of the crime:

1. The defendant
[touched or applied force to the [unclothed] _____² of
_____ (name of victim);]³

[OR]
[caused _____ (name of victim) to touch the
_____² of the defendant;]

2. The defendant used physical force or physical violence;
3. The defendant's acts resulted in _____⁴;
4. _____ (name of victim) was at least thirteen (13) but less than eighteen (18) years old;
- [5. The defendant's act was unlawful⁵;
6. This happened in New Mexico on or about the _____ day of _____, _____.

USE NOTES

1. Insert the count number if more than one count is charged.
2. Name one or more of the following parts of the anatomy touched: "buttocks," "breast," "groin," "anus," "mons pubis," "penis," "testicles," "mons veneris," or "vulva." When definitions are provided in UJI 14-981 NMRA, they must be given after this instruction; otherwise, no definition need be given unless the jury requests one.
3. Use only the applicable alternative or alternatives.
4. Name victim and describe personal injury or injuries. See NMSA 1978, Section 30-9-10(D) (2005) for types of personal injuries.
5. Use the bracketed element if the evidence raises a genuine issue of the unlawfulness of the defendant's actions. If this element is given, UJI 14-132 NMRA, "unlawful defined," must be given after this instruction.
[As amended, effective January 20, 2005; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 10-8300-039, effective December 31, 2010; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 18-8300-012, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2018.]