**14-929. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the third degree; victim unconscious, asleep, physically or mentally helpless; personal injury; essential elements.**

For you to find the defendant guilty of criminal sexual contact of a minor causing personal injury [as charged in Count \_\_\_\_\_\_]1, the state must prove to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt each of the following elements of the crime:

1. The defendant

[touched or applied force to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_2 of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ *(name of victim*);]3

[OR]

[caused \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (*name of victim*) to touch the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_2 of the defendant;]

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (*name of victim*) was [unconscious]3 [asleep] [physically helpless] [suffering from a mental condition so as to be incapable of understanding the nature or consequences of what the defendant was doing];

3. The defendant knew or had reason to know of the condition of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (*name of victim*);

4. The defendant’s acts resulted in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_4;

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (*name of victim*) was at least thirteen (13) but less than eighteen (18) years old;

[6. The defendant's act was unlawful;]5

7. This happened in New Mexico on or about the \_\_\_\_\_ day of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_.

USE NOTES

1. Insert the count number if more than one count is charged.

2. Name one or more of the following parts of the anatomy touched: "buttocks," "breast," "groin," "anus," "mons pubis," "penis," "testicles," "mons veneris," or "vulva." When definitions are provided in UJI 14-981 NMRA, they must be given after this instruction; otherwise, no definition need be given unless the jury requests one.

3. Use only the applicable alternative or alternatives.

4. Name victim and describe personal injury or injuries. *See* NMSA 1978, Section 30-9-10(D) (2005) for types of personal injuries.

5. Use the bracketed element if the evidence raises a genuine issue of the unlawfulness of the defendant's actions. If this element is given, UJI 14-132 NMRA, "unlawful defined," must be given after this instruction.

[As amended, effective January 20, 2005; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 18-8300-012, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2018.]