## 14-942. Criminal sexual penetration in the third degree; threats of force or coercion; essential elements.

For you to find the defendant guilty of criminal sexual penetration [as charged in Count $\qquad$ $]^{1}$, the state must prove to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt each of the following elements of the crime:

1. The defendant ${ }^{2}$
[caused $\qquad$ (name of victim) to engage in $\qquad$
[OR]
[caused the insertion, to any extent, of a $\qquad$ ${ }^{4}$ into the ${ }^{5}$ of $\qquad$ (name of victim);
2. The defendant ${ }^{2}$
[caused $\qquad$ (name of victim) to engage in ${ }^{3}$ through the use of threats of physical force or physical violence against $\qquad$ (name of victim or other person);] ]
[OR]
[threatened to ___ ${ }^{6}$; ${ }^{6}$;
3. (name of victim) believed the defendant would carry out the threat;
[4. The defendant's act was unlawful; $]^{7}$
4. This happened in New Mexico on or about the $\qquad$ day of
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ .

## USE NOTES

1. Insert the count number if more than one count is charged.
2. Use only the applicable alternatives.
3. Name the sexual act or acts: i.e., "sexual intercourse", "anal intercourse", "cunnilingus" or "fellatio." The applicable definition or definitions from Instruction 14982 NMRA must be given after this instruction.
4. Identify the object used.
5. Name the part or parts of the body: i.e., "vagina", "penis" or "anus." The applicable definition from Instruction 14-981 NMRA must be given after this instruction.
6. Describe threats used against the victim or another in layman's language. See Section 30-9-10 (A)(3) NMSA 1978 for examples of types of threats.
7. Use the bracketed element if the evidence raises a genuine issue of the unlawfulness of the defendant's actions. If this element is given, UJI 14-132 NMRA, "unlawful defined", must be given after this instruction.
[As amended, effective January 20, 2005.]
