D. CORDOVA V. L. HUBBELL

This memorandum opinion was not selected for publication in the New Mexico Reports. Please see Rule 12-405 NMRA for restrictions on the citation of unpublished memorandum opinions. Please also note that this electronic memorandum opinion may contain computer-generated errors or other deviations from the official paper version filed by the Court of Appeals and does not include the filing date.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO EX REL. HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT, AND DENISE G. CORDOVA,

Petitioner-Appellant,

v.
LORENZO P. HUBBELL,
Respondent-Appellee.

NO. 29,059

COURT OF APPEALS OF NEW MEXICO

June 19, 2009

APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF BERNALILLO COUNTY, Deborah D. Walker, District Judge

COUNSEL

Denise G. Cordova, Albuquerque, NM, Pro se Appellant

Lynda M. Latta, Albuquerque, NM, for Appellee

JUDGES

RODERICK T. KENNEDY, Judge. WE CONCUR: JONATHAN B. SUTIN, Chief Judge, TIMOTHY L. GARCIA, Judge

AUTHOR: RODERICK T. KENNEDY

MEMORANDUM OPINION

KENNEDY, Judge.

Appellant is appealing, pro se, from separate district court orders involving child support payments. We issued a calendar notice proposing to dismiss because the there has yet

to be a final judgment in the district court proceedings. Appellant has filed a memorandum in opposition, referring us to pleadings, each labeled "docketing statement," that were filed after the calendar notice. We construe these pleadings collectively as a memorandum in opposition to our calendar notice. We dismiss.

As we stated in the calendar notice, a judgment is not final and appealable unless it practically disposes of the merits of the underlying controversy, leaving only issues collateral to and separate from that underlying controversy to be resolved. See Kelly Inn No. 102 v. Kapnison, 113 N.M. 231, 824 P.2d 1033 (1992); Rule 12-201(A) NMRA. Here, Appellant's notices of appeal state that she is appealing from separate district court orders. The first notice of appeal refers to a September 9, 2008, order sealing the record. [RP 289-order is at RP 286] The second notice of appeal refers to a June 17, 2008, stipulated order and a November 7, 2008, order appointing a guardian ad litem. [RP 294] A notice of appeal was filed from that order on December 8, 2008. [RP 305orders at RP 265, 294] In her original docketing statement, Appellant indicates that she is appealing from the order sealing the record and from a ruling on arrearage. [DS 2] Appellant indicated that her appeal on this latter ruling may be premature because no final order has been entered. [DS 2] Appellant's pleadings filed subsequent to our calendar concede that our calendar notice was correct in proposing to hold that there is no final, appealable judgment in this case. Cf. Hennessy v. Duryea, 1998-NMCA-036, ¶ 24, 124 N.M. 754, 955 P.2d 683 ("Our courts have repeatedly held that, in summary calendar cases, the burden is on the party opposing the proposed disposition to clearly point out errors in fact or law.").

Because no final judgment has been entered in the underlying proceedings, we hold that none of the referenced orders are subject to appellate review at this time. See Rule 12-201(A); Harrison v. ICX, Illinois-California Express, Inc., 98 N.M. 247, 249, 647 P.2d 880, 882 (Ct. App. 1982) (observing that a party may only appeal from a written order), abrogated on other grounds by Martinez v. Friede, 2004-NMSC-006, ¶¶ 25-26, 135 N.M. 171, 86 P.3d 596. Accordingly, we dismiss.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

RODERICK T. KENNEDY, Judge

WE CONCUR:

JONATHAN B. SUTIN, Chief Judge

TIMOTHY L. GARCIA, Judge